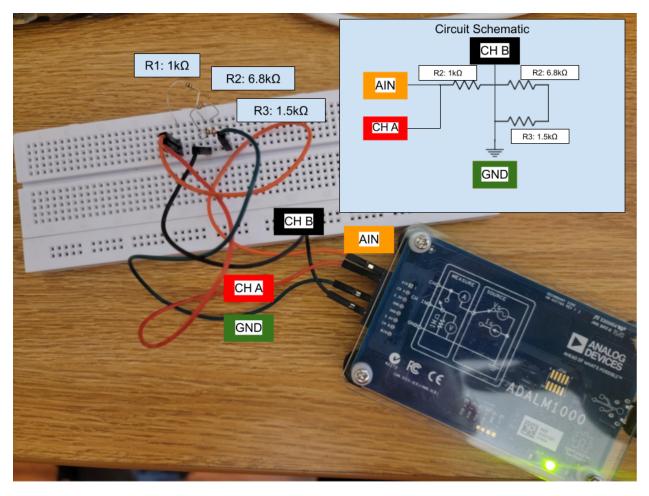
Frank Martino - Q2.2 Experimental Measurements and Personal Instrumentation

Prove your skill set using ONE of the following: M1K board, Analog Discovery Board, or M2K board.

Q2.2 Measuring DC voltage across a resistor in a resistive circuit I can build a resistive circuit and measure dc voltage across ONE resistor using a dc input source and vary dc voltage at least 3 times (-5,+5 and any voltage in between).

I first made a circuit on the breadboard that had a $1k\Omega$ resistor that connected to two resistors in a parallel formation, one $6.8k\Omega$ resistor and the other $1.5k\Omega$ resistor. Once I finished this I connected the AIN lead and A channel to the first pin on the $1k\Omega$ resistor. Then, I connected the ground pin to the joint where all of the resistors connect to. Finally, I connected the Channel B pin to the end of the circuit as labeled below. I then used the ALICE M1K meter-source to set the voltage from AIN to 5.0 volts which recorded data shown in figure A1, and then changed the voltage to 2.5 volts shown in figure A2.

ADALM1000 with Breadboard:



A1: (Across the $1k\Omega$ resistor)

ALM1000 Meter-Source 1.3 8 March 2022)

CA Source CA mW 12.23	CB Source CB mW CHB off C CHB on
C CHA off ⓒ CHA on	
CHAV C CHAI	€ CHBV C CHBI
Split I/O	Split I/O
CA-V 5.0 Volts CA-I 0.0 mAmps	CB-V 0.0 Volts CB-I 0.0 mAmps
	GA-V 5.0 Volts

Board # 0

A2: (Across the $1k\Omega$ resistor)

ALM1000 Meter-Source 1.3 8 March 2022)				
Stop C Run Exit Save (Confg Load Confg Digital Co	ontrols AD5626 Output		
CA Meter	CB Meter	CA Source	CB Source	
CA V 2.5009	CB V 1.3790	CA mW 3.32	CB mW	
A-B V 1.1219	B-A V -1.1219	○ CHA off ⓒ CHA on	← CHB off	
CA mA 1.33	CB mA	CHAV C CHAI	CHBV C CHBI	
CH A Gain/Offset calibration	CH B Gain/Offset calibration	Split I/O	Split I/O	
VA 1.0 0.0	VB 1.0 0.0	CA-V 2.5 Volts	CB-V 0.0 Volts	
IA 1.0 0.0	IB 1.0 0.0	CA-1 0.0 mAmps	CB-1 0.0 mAmps	

When trying to measure -5.0 volts the program would not recognize any negative values, so I used the accessory board or the ANALOG2 which connects into all of the pins and used one of the two ground pins as a channel to store -5.0 volts. From there I swapped the AIN pin to the ground pin that holds -5.0 volts. Since the program could not recognize the -5.0 volts I used the voltmeter provided which seemed to recognize it.

(Across the $1k\Omega$ resistor)

